



# **“ Cross Section temperature effects on Brewer and Pandora. RBCC-E comparison Brewer Pandora ”**

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**Izaña Atmospheric Research Centre  
CIAI**

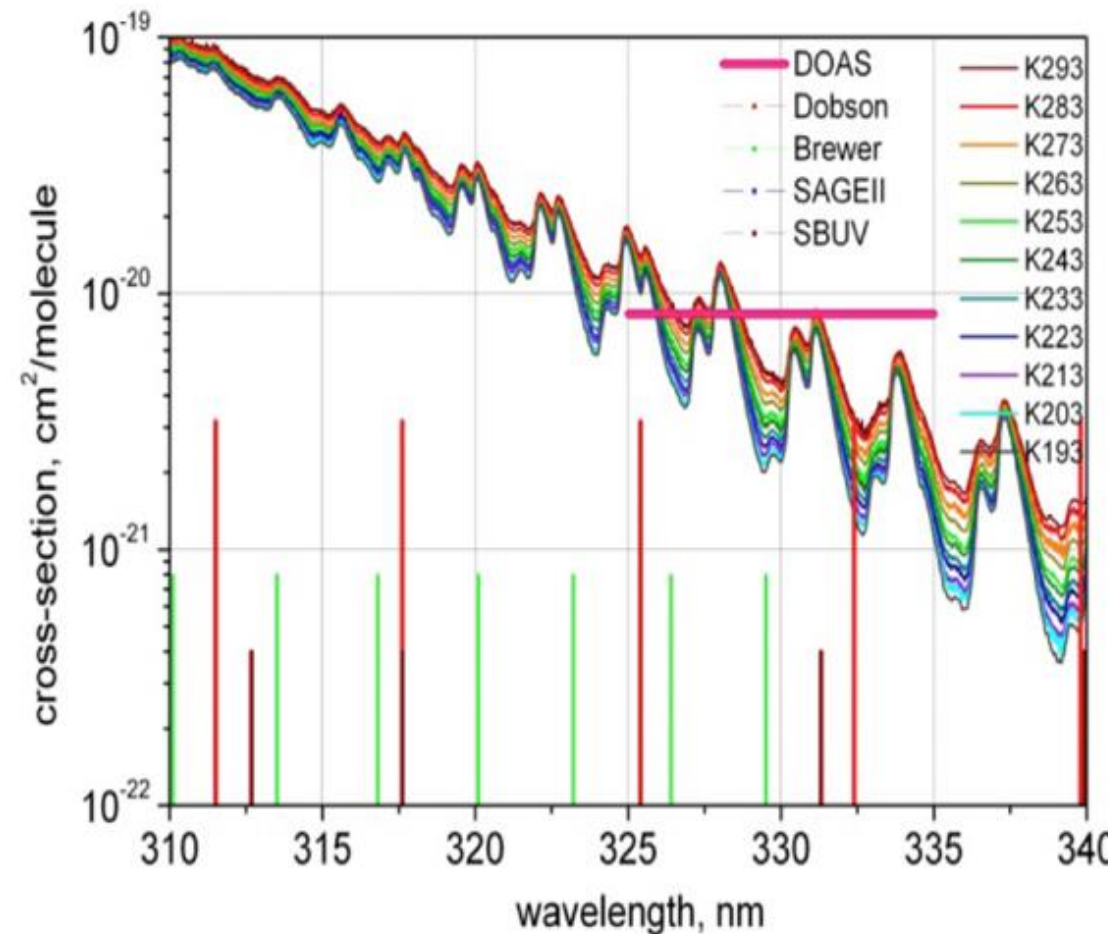


# OUTLINE

- Ozone Cross section temperature dependence on Brewer instruments.
- Ozone Cross section temperature dependence on **PANDORA** ozone retrieval
- Brewer - Pandora comparison at Izaña

# Absorption Cross-Sections of Ozone (ACSO)

- Evaluation of the existing Ozone Cross section.
  - Brewer & Dobson use Bass & Paur
  - BDM is used by DOAS / Sattelite and Pandora.
  - HARMONICS (Bremen) provide a new set

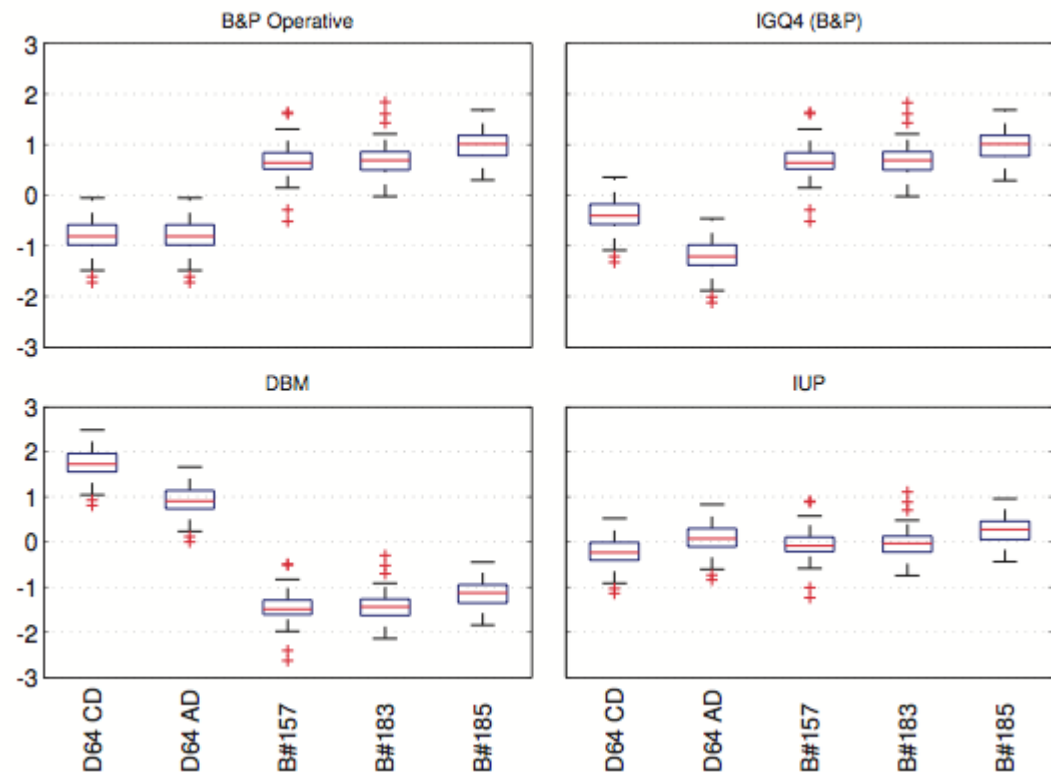


The effect on brewer ozone is just the ratio between the ozone absorption coefficient of the new cross section to the operative one.

The operative is B&P at  $-45^{\circ}\text{C}$ , no temperature dependence is taken into account.

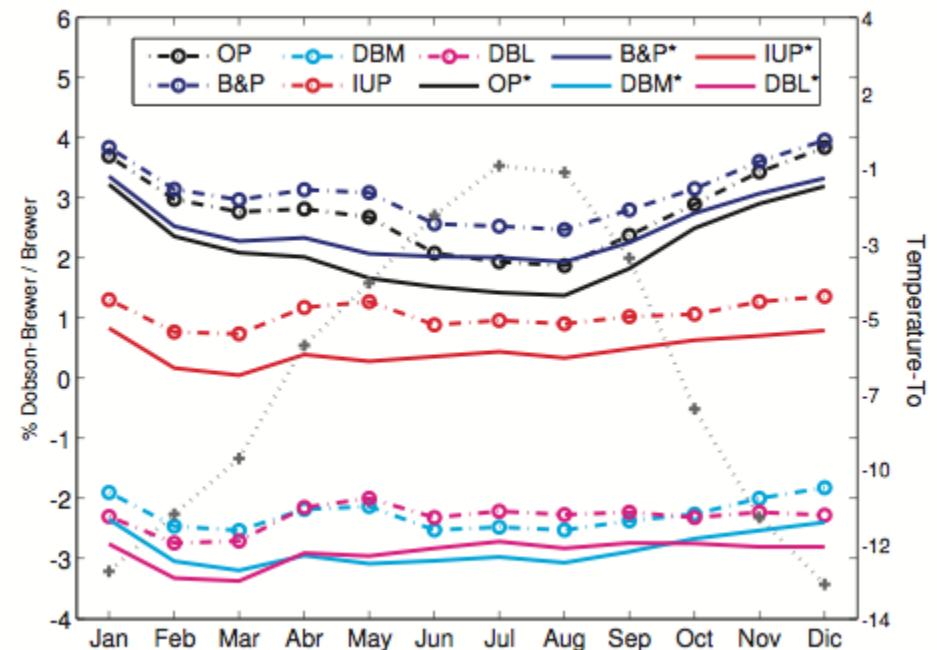
The use of DMB produce a shift on Brewer ozone about -3%.

The change using HARMONICS (UIP) is small (less 1%) and improve the agreement between Brewer and Dobson.

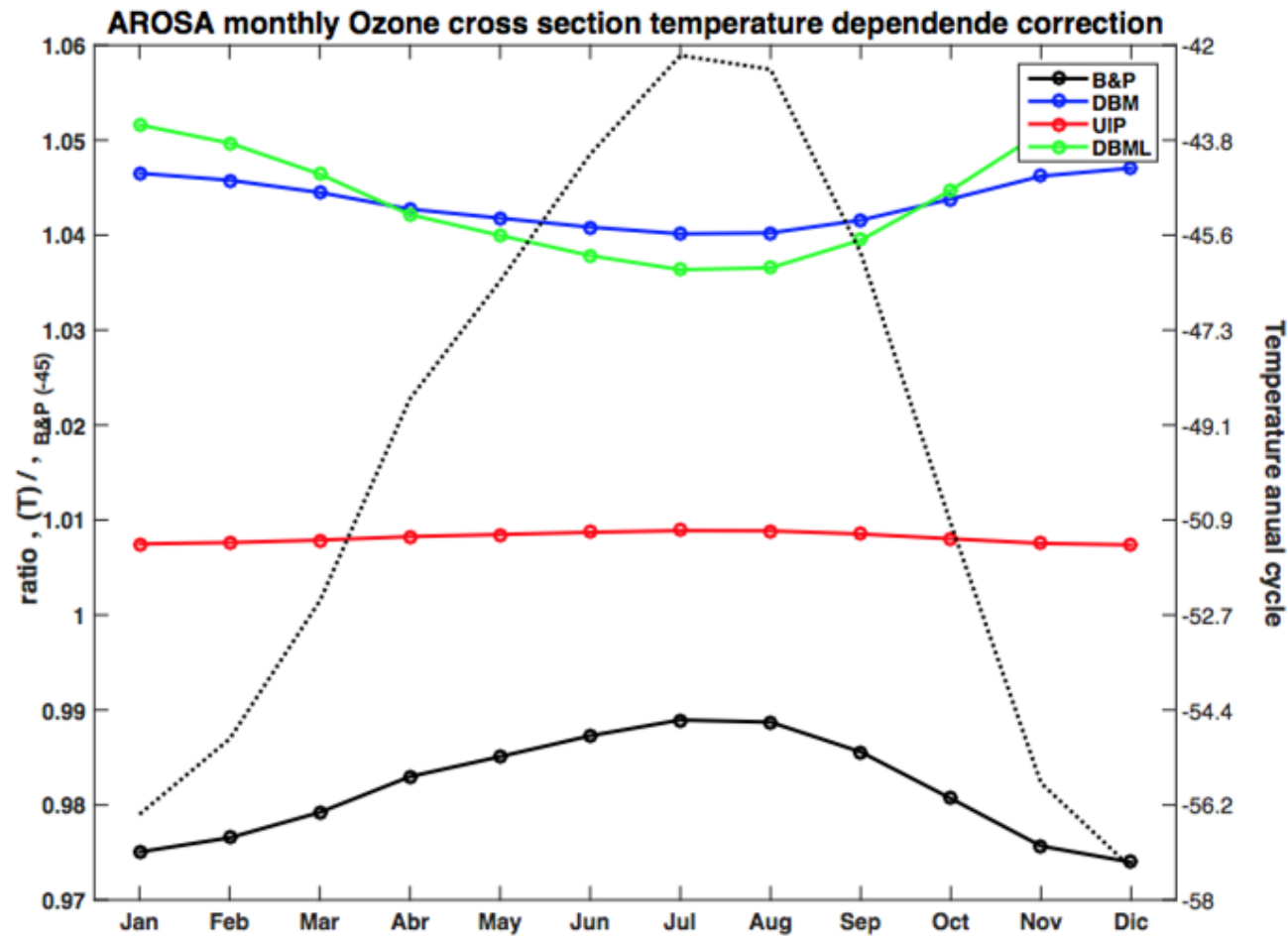


The seasonal difference between Brewer and Dobson reduces when we apply the temperature dependence of the cross section to the ozone retrieval.

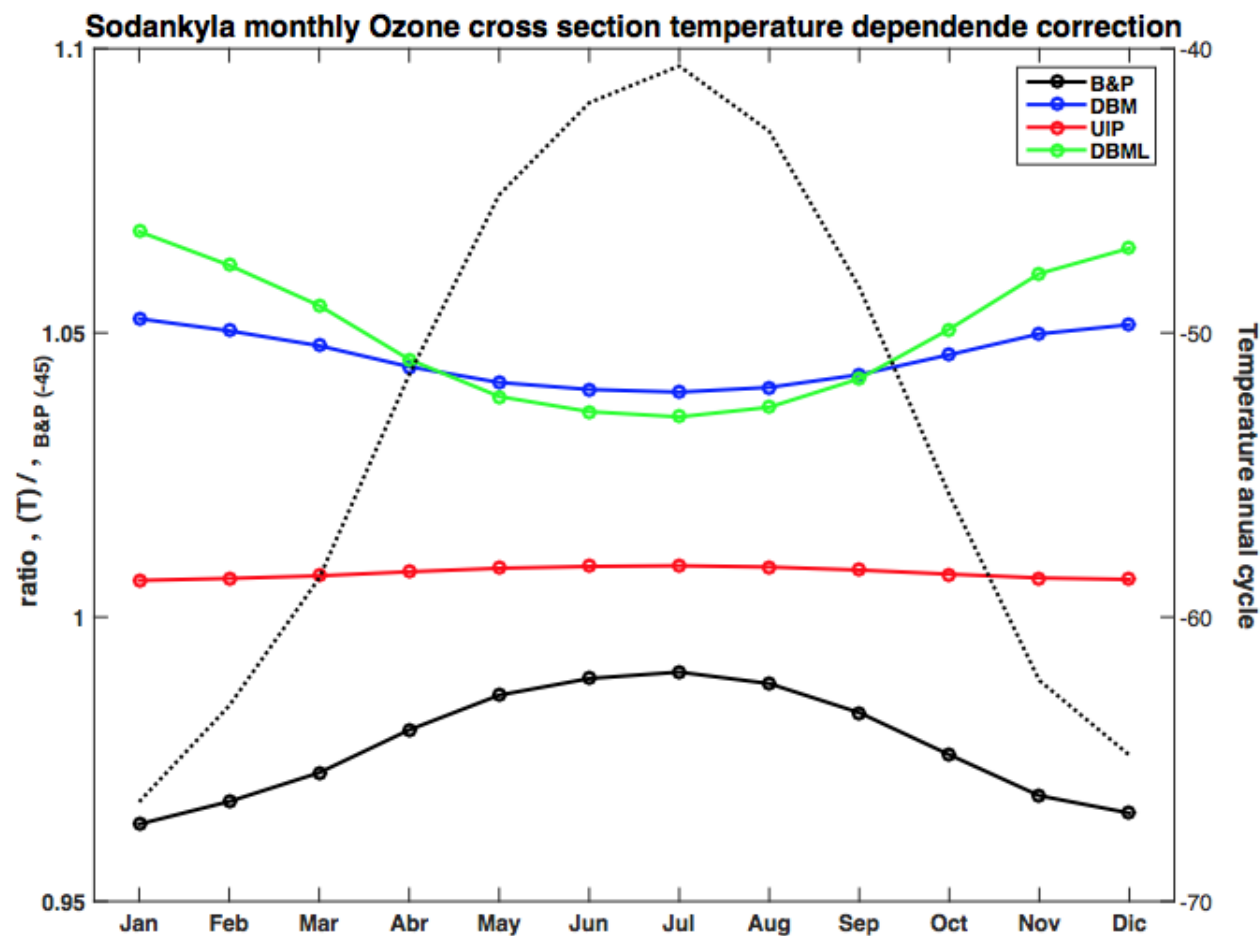
ACSO: Recommends HARMONICS for Ground Base measurements.



# How affect to the Brewer ?

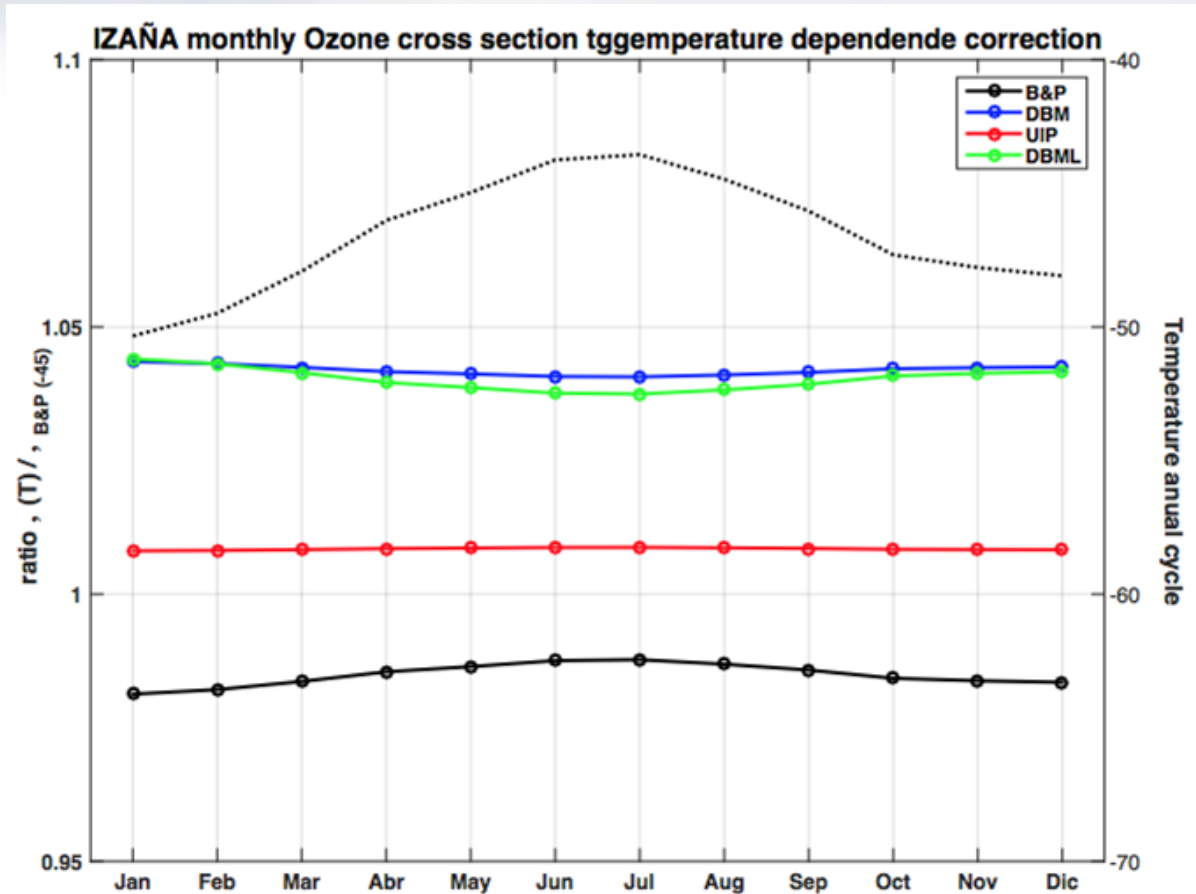


# How affect to Brewer ?



Due small temperature variation over the tropical stratosphere the temperature oscillation is very small ( $<.01\%$ ). So brewer can be used without temperature correction.

At Izaña (28°) only the scale, is different when considering the different XS





## The Izaña Pandora Series : 2011-2014

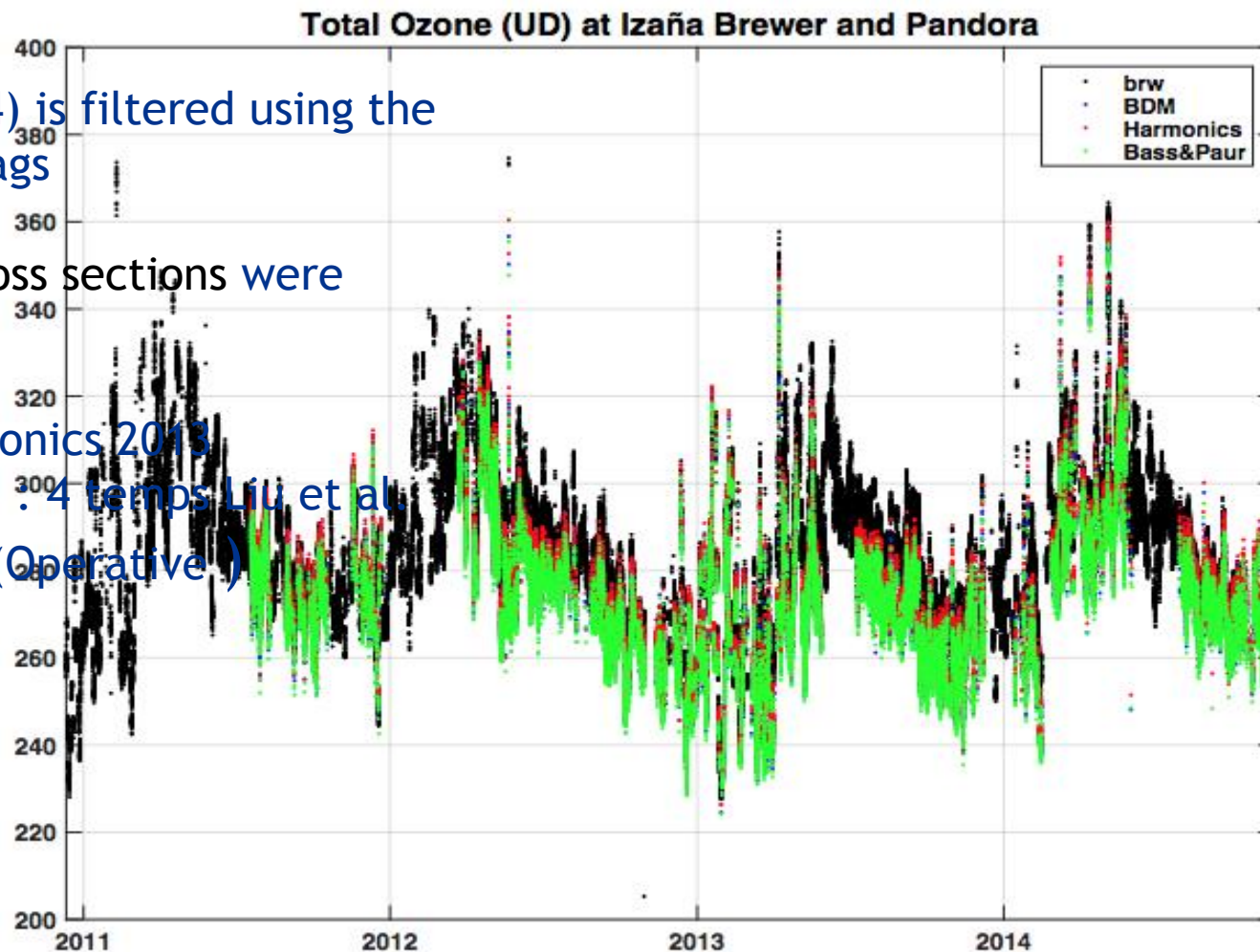
- Pandora obs (L4) is filtered using the Data Quality Flags of the previous ESA-CALVAL project.
- Three ozone cross sections were evaluated:
  - B&P
  - Harmonics 2013
  - BDM : 4 temps Liu et al. 2007, (Operative )

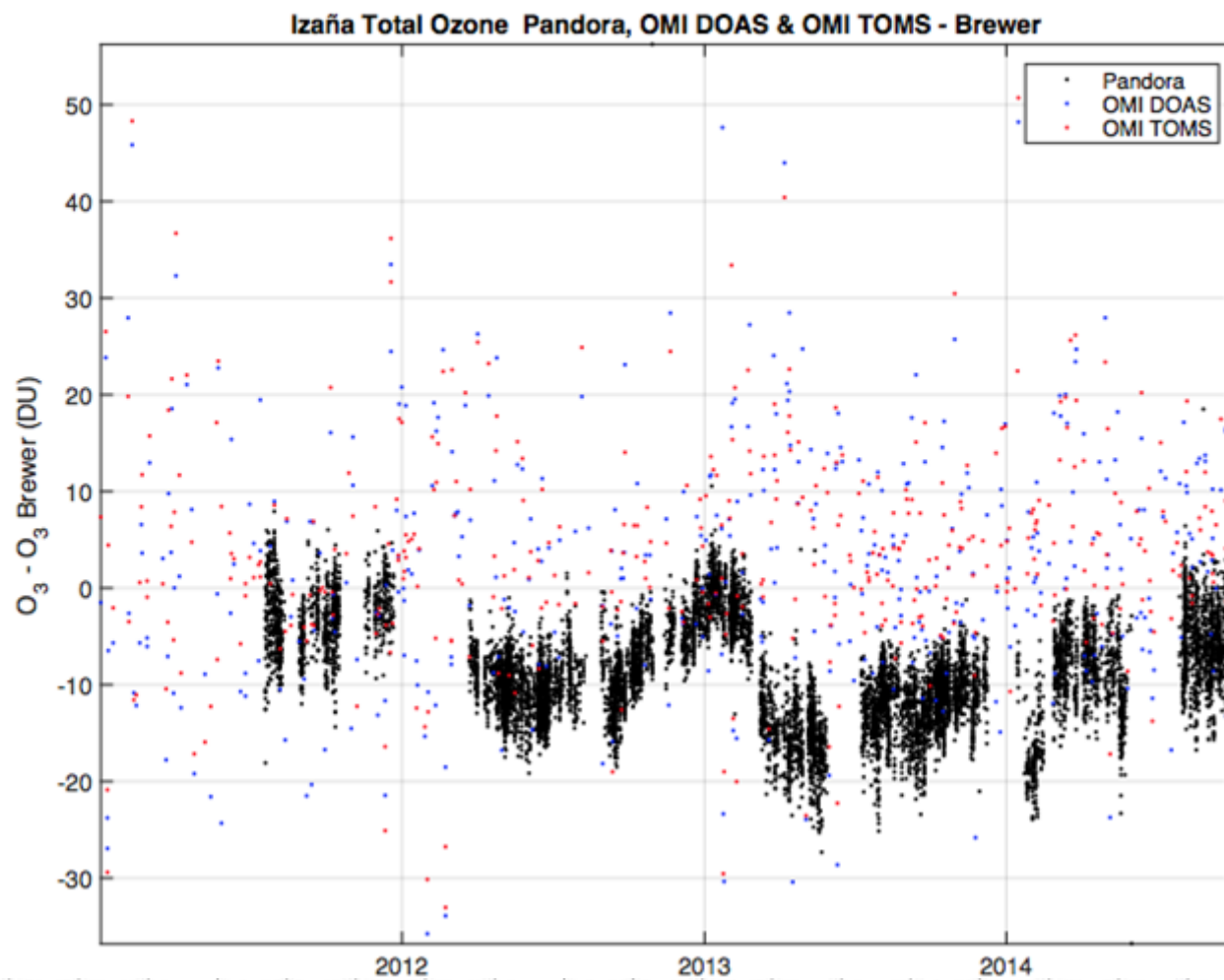
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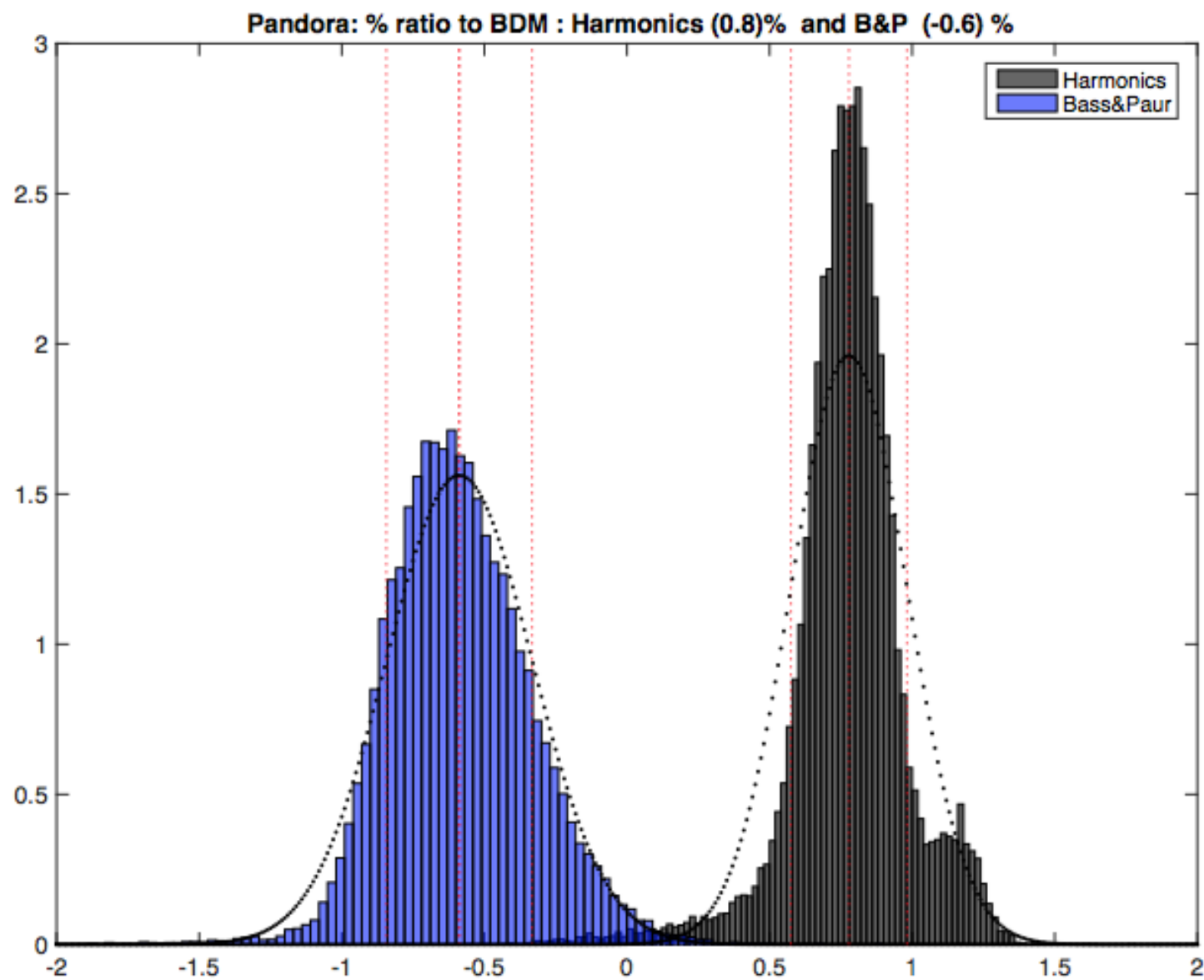
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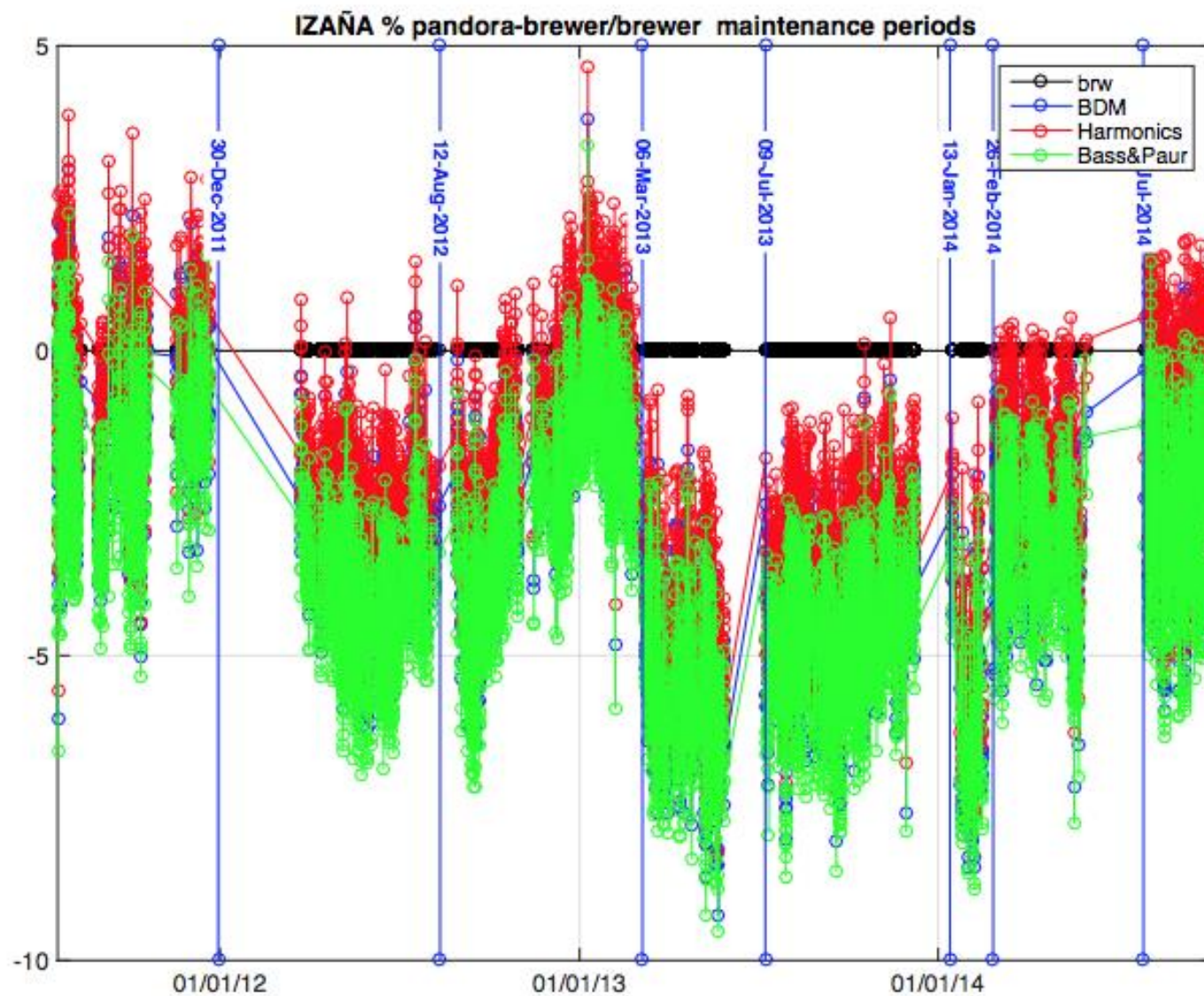




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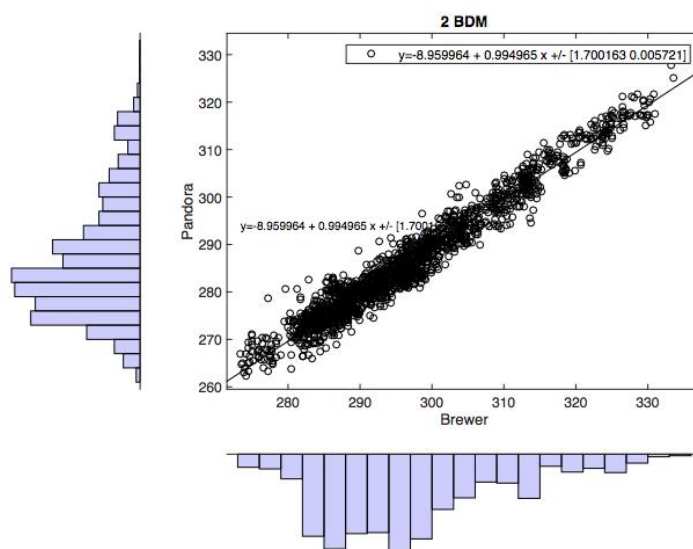
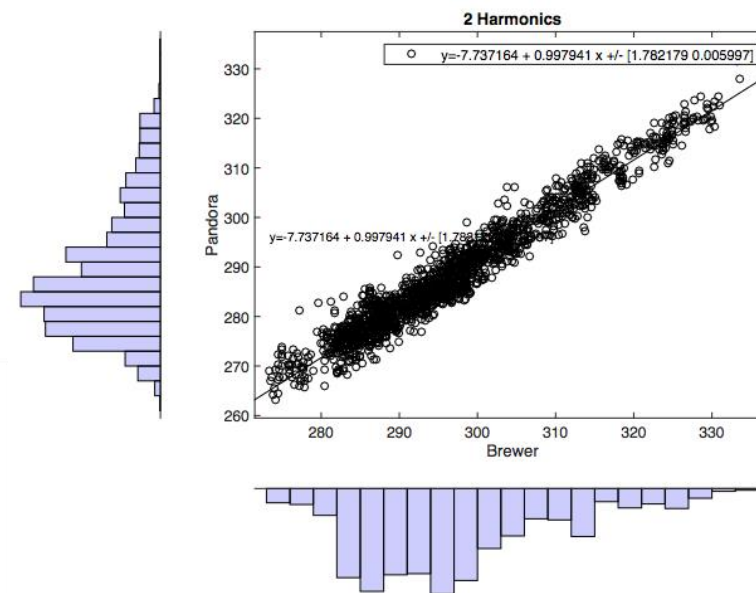
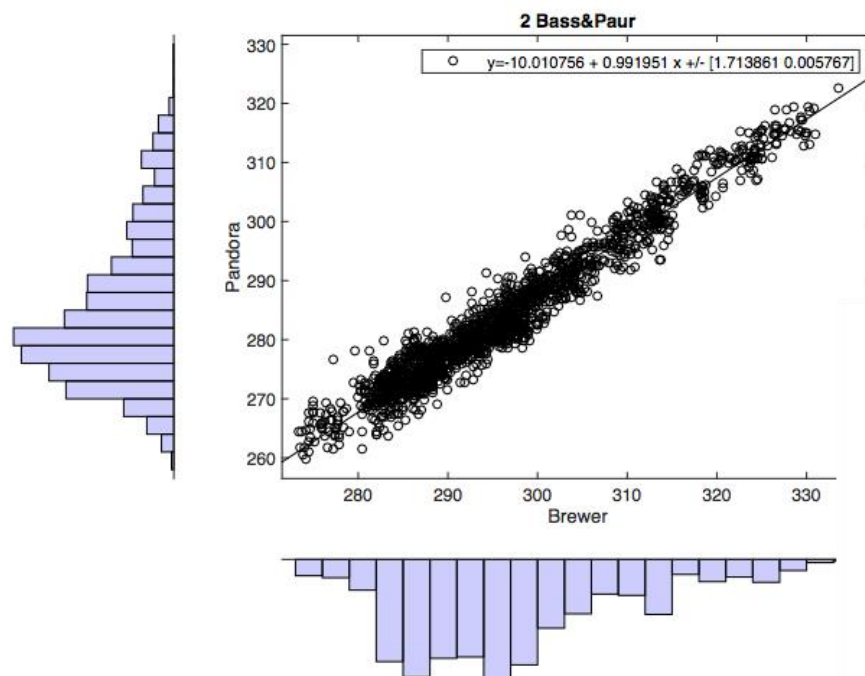


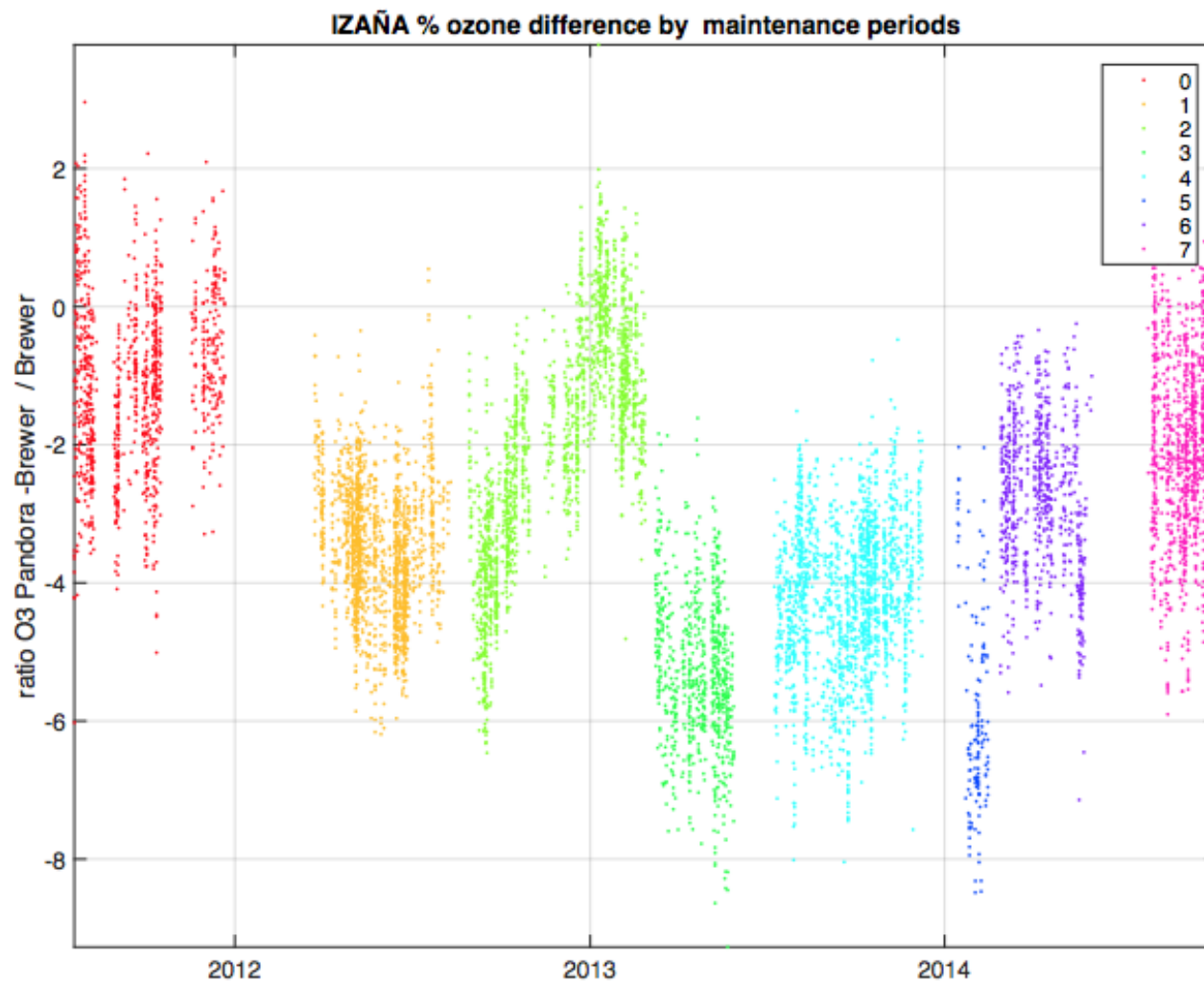


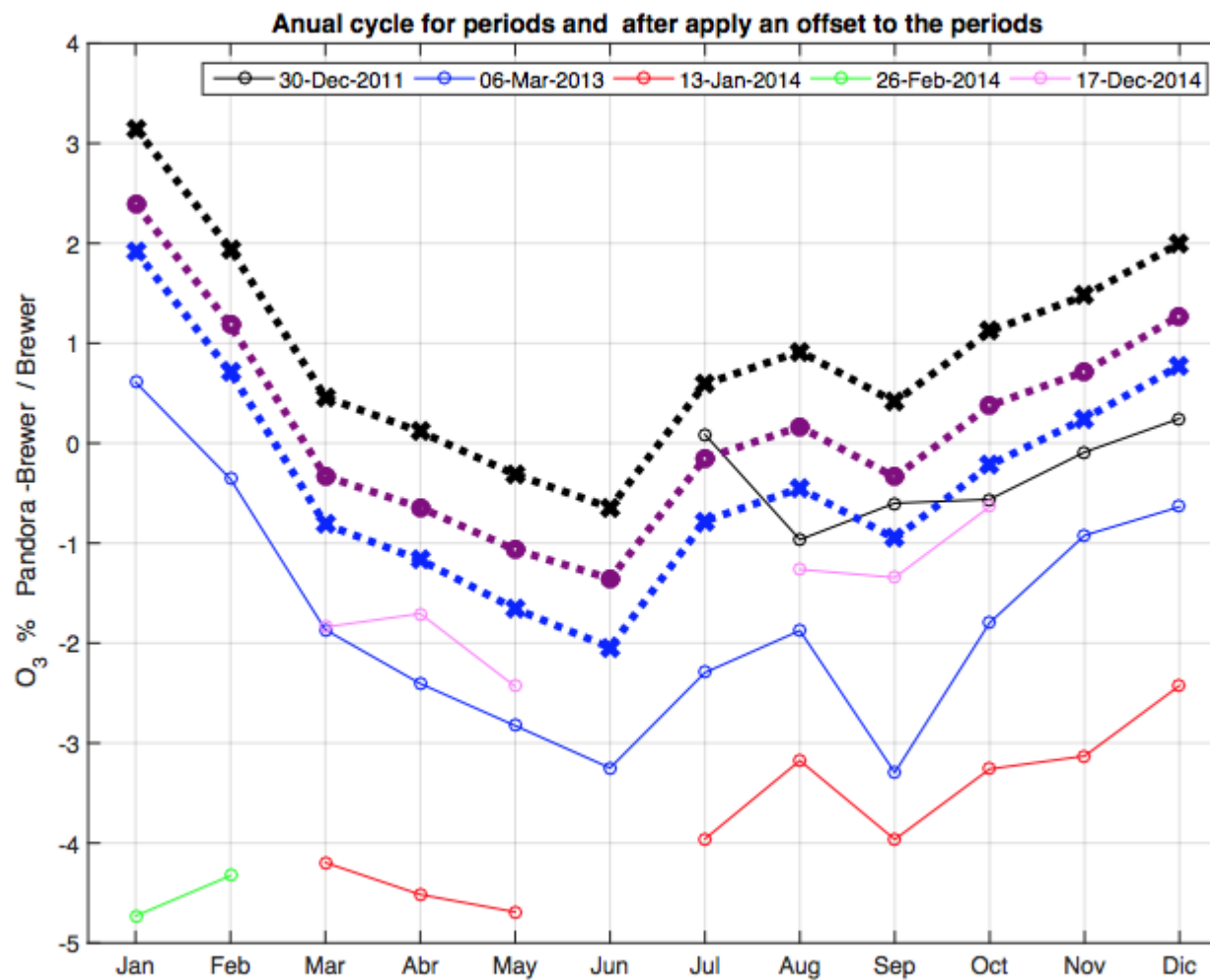
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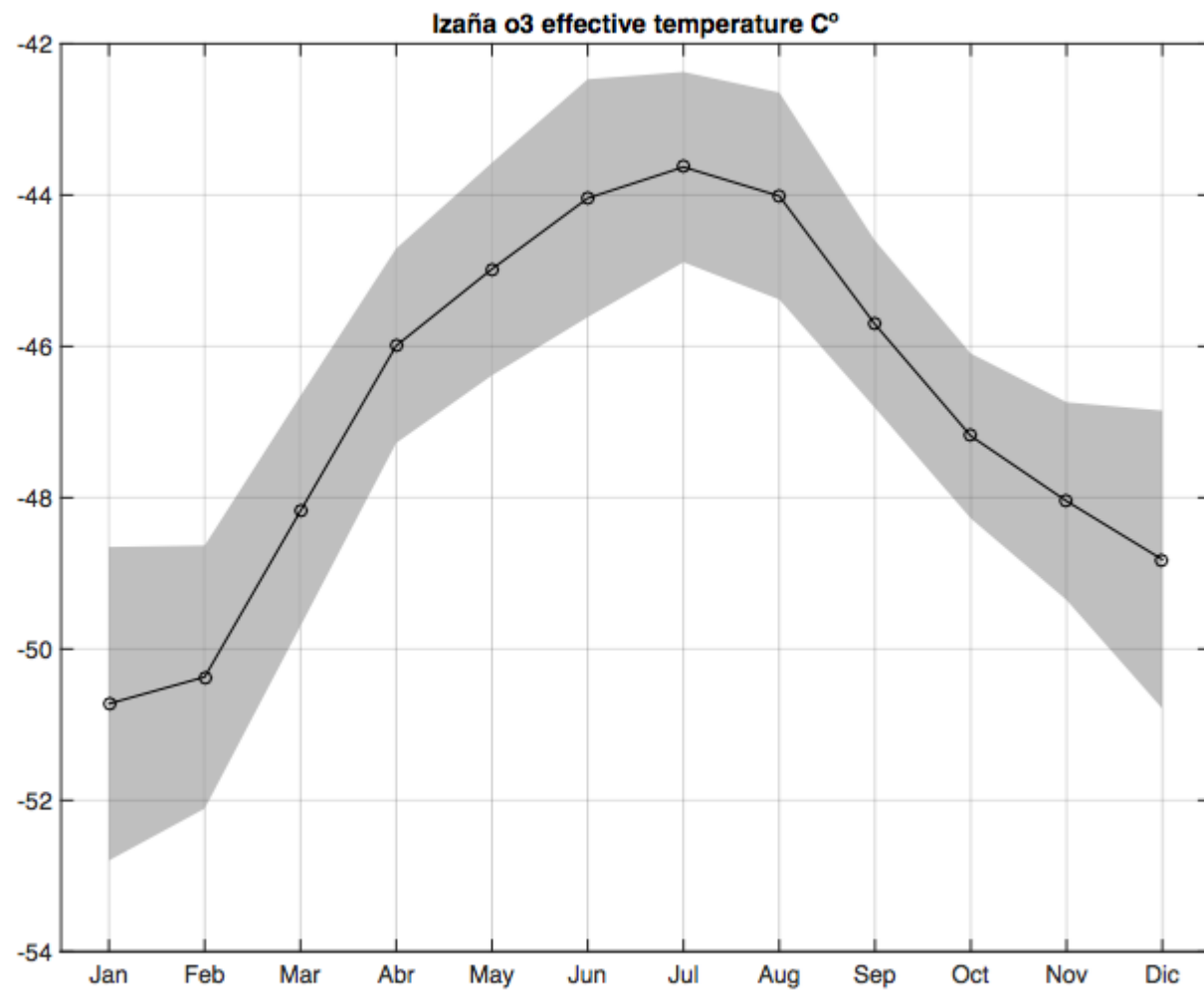
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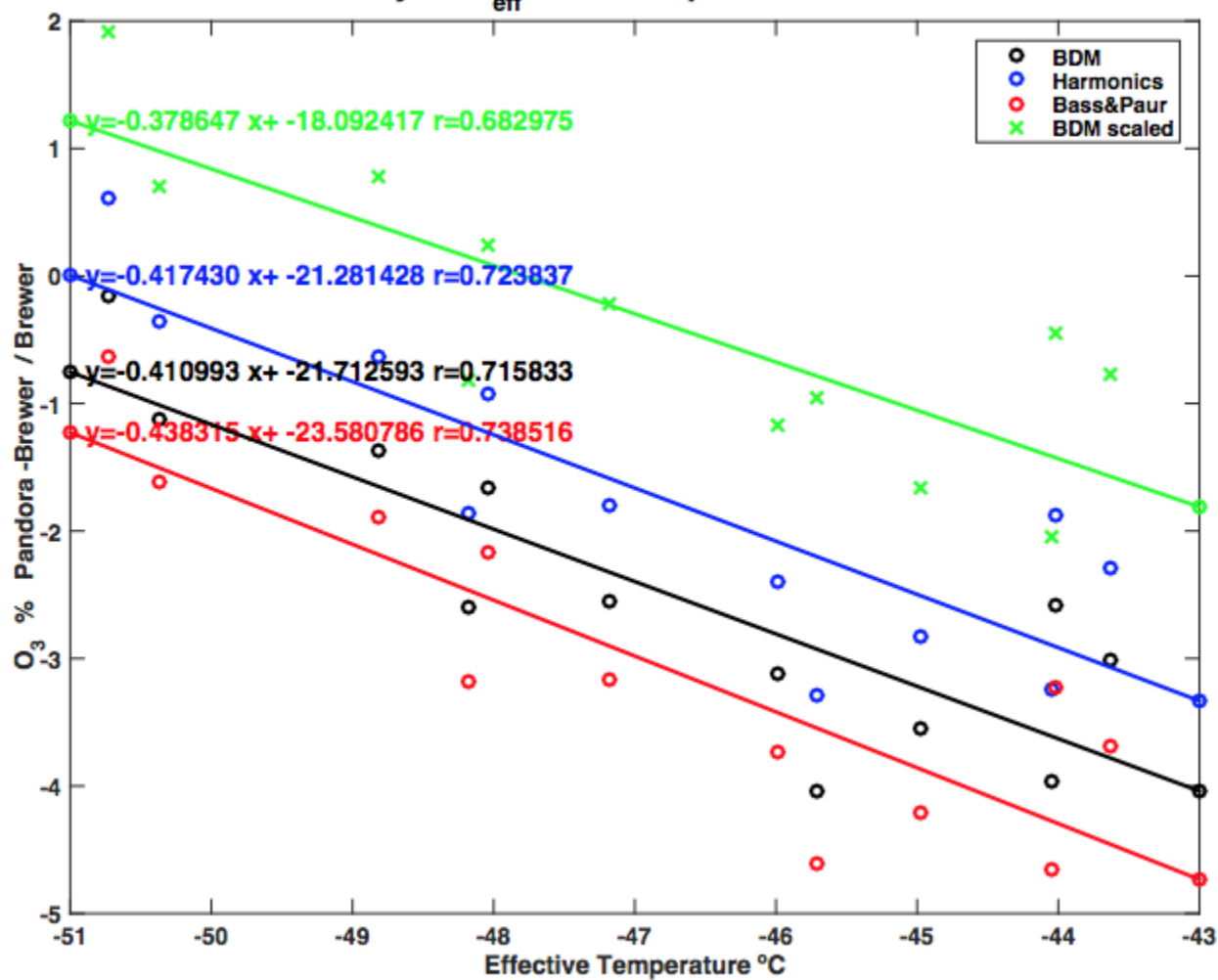


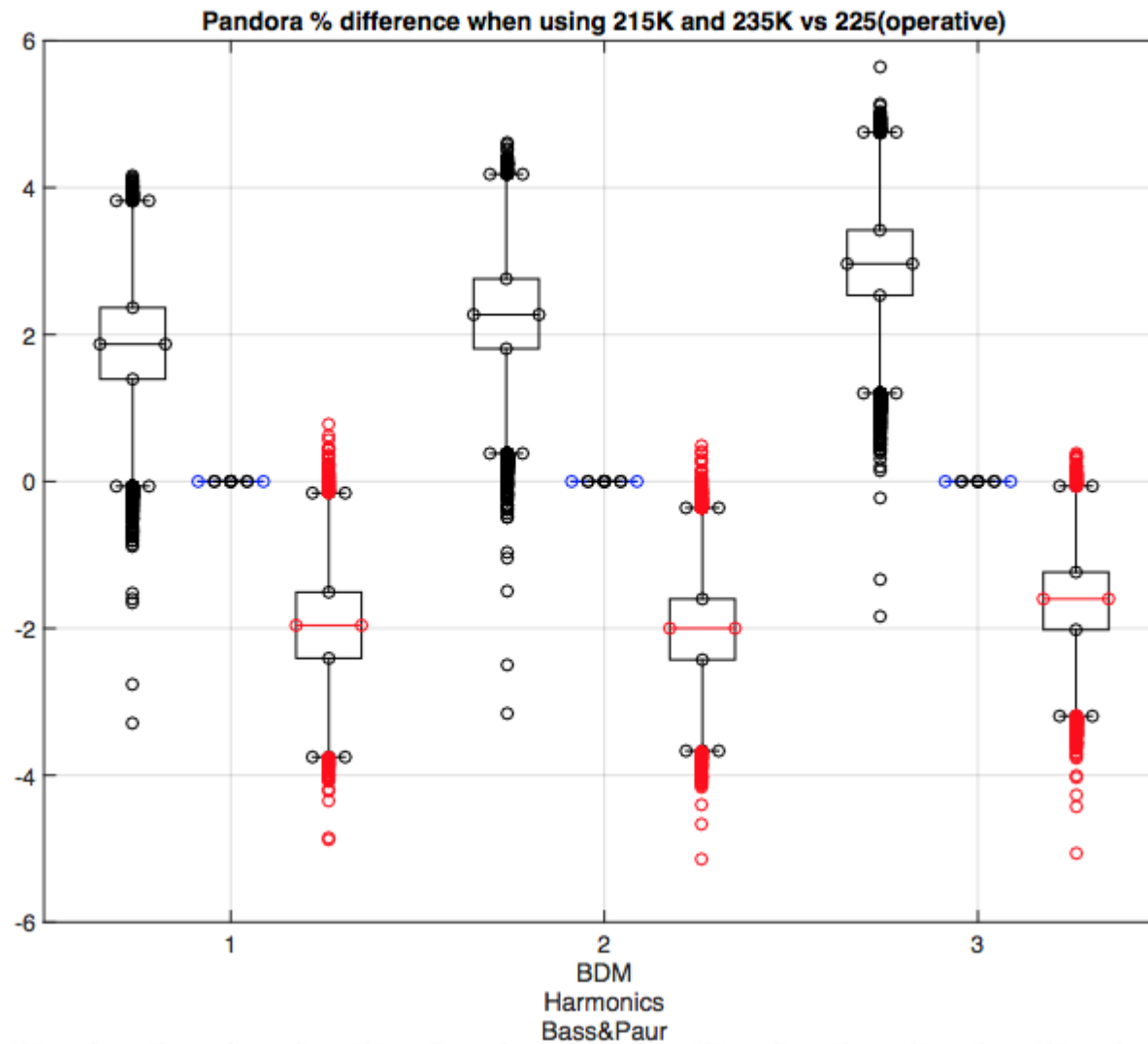




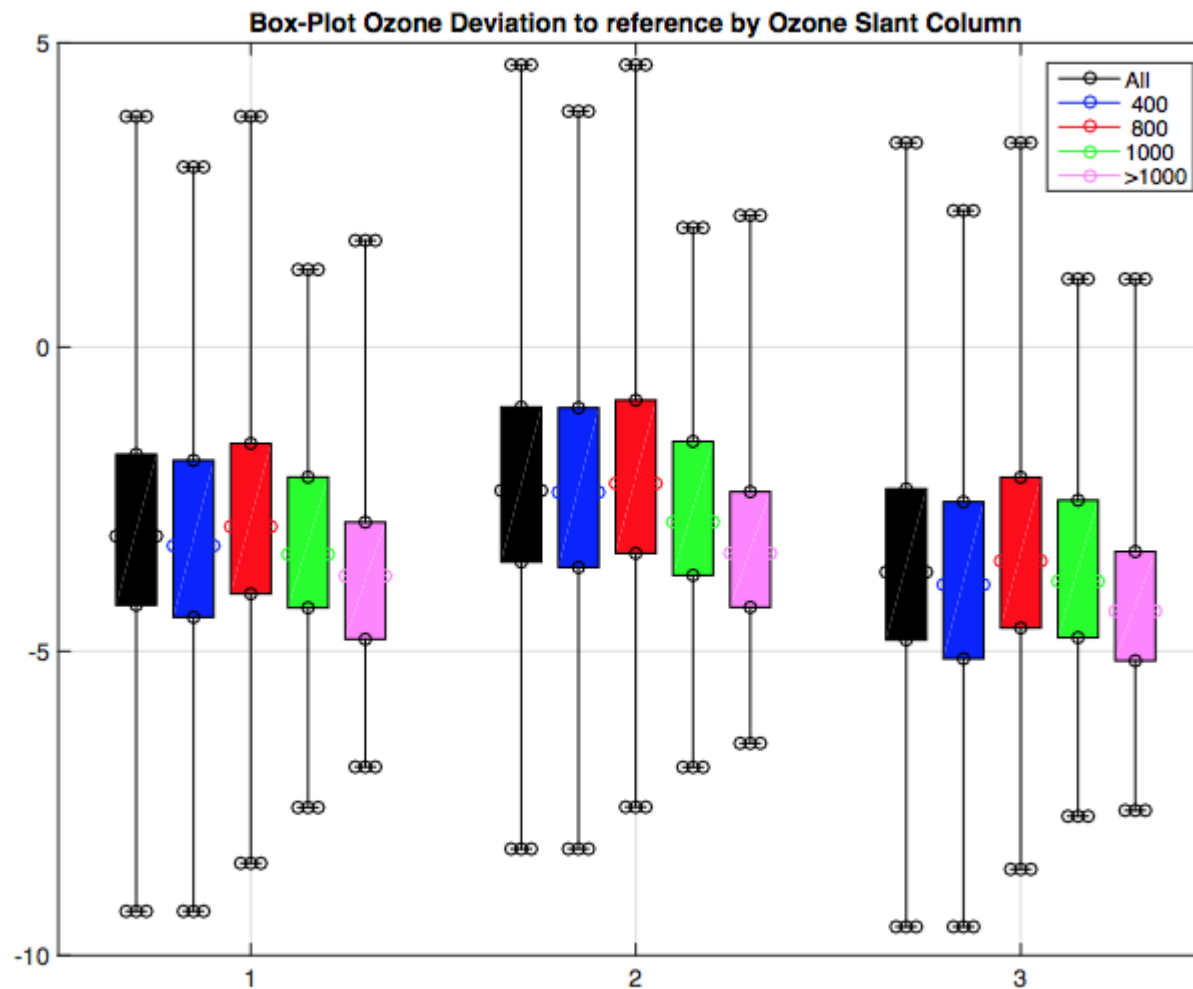
annual cycle of the difference (scaled)

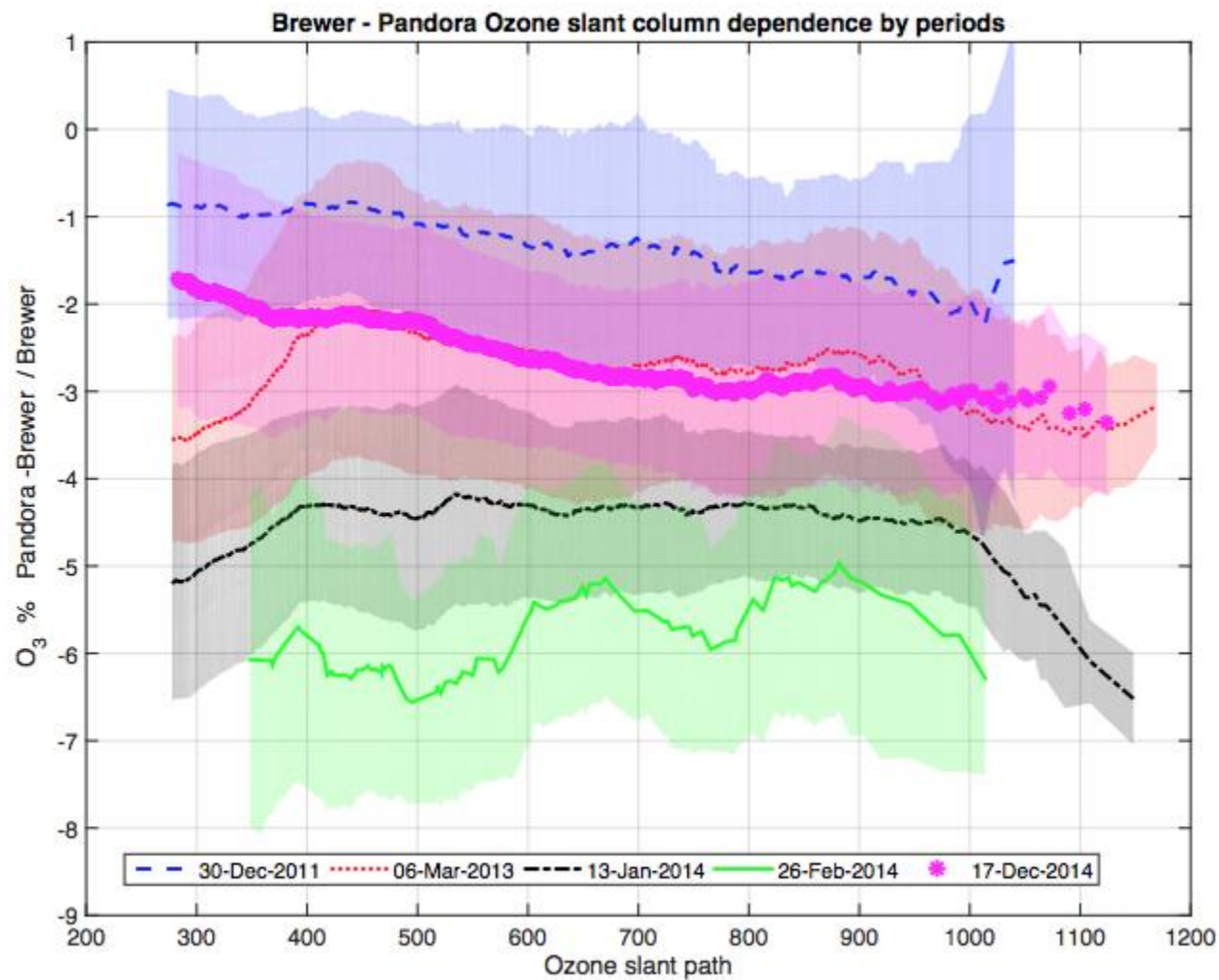


anual cycles  $t_{\text{eff}}$  vs brewer-pandora differences



# Stray Light







## CONCLUSIONS

- The effect is small 0.8% for Harmonics -0.6% B&P
- Initial Brewer comparison “suggest” a 4%/10K whereas the direct application of +/- 10K get 2%/10K.
- Stray Light: Pandora behaves as a good “single” brewer